

BARRERAS EN EL ACCESO A TRATAMIENTOS A PVS EN C.A.

Programa Regional

Red Centroamericana de Personas con VIH-Sida

REDCA+

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Major Barriers identified by the PFN of the REDCA+

Regional Meeting in Preparation for Phase II of the Regional Program REDCA+

San Salvador, El Salvador.

April 28 – 30, 2010



- Unawareness / Lack of application of care protocols.
- Outdated protocols.
- Recurring shortage of supplies, lack of an adequate purchasing process.
- Lack of adequate / updated records from PLHIV in treatment.
- Plan changes based on the attending physician's criteria.



- ARV resistance cases are not properly documented. (Hospitals are unaware of the total number of PLHIV in Tto and plans, making timely provision difficult.)
- Lack of a timely availability of drugs.
- The high prices of some drugs/ Recovery fees (Honduras.)



- Primarily the 3 social barriers, such as poverty, stigma and discrimination, which limit the opportunity for many people who live with HIV to receive ART.
- Geographical area (Guatemala).
- The unplanned decentralization of the Comprehensive Services makes information collection difficult.
- Attitudinal situations with procurement personnel at the central level.



HIV-AIDS threatens all human development challenges, such as food safety and conflict prevention. Consequently, the efforts aimed at reducing the impacts of HIV-AIDS should be centered on the prevention of new infections, the care of infected people, and the mitigation of the institutional, economic, public health and social impacts of HIV-AIDS.



Countries should integrate programs in response to HIV-AIDS in their general development plans with the total and active support of the civil society and the private sector, considering the MIPA Principle (Mayor Involucramiento de las Poblaciones Afectadas or Greater Participation of the Affected Populations) in order to guarantee the full financial responsibility of every stakeholder and the transparency of the progress reports obtained in the different countries or regions.



The considerable efforts that have been conducted are insufficient and the processes are irregular, both internally as well as between countries and regions. To slow down, stop and reverse the pandemic, countries, instead of managing only crisis situations, should establish long-term national plans to provide an effective answer to the epidemic.





THANK YOU!!!

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